- 1-3 (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) The computer according to claim 3 wherein A computer comprising:

a controller which executes a reset process, in response to a reset signal; an oscillator oscillates a clock; and

a timer which counts pulses of the clock, and outputs the reset signal to said controller, in a case where a counted value obtained by counting the pulses of the clock exceeds a predetermined limit value,

wherein said controller controls said timer, and clears the countered value before
the counted value exceeds the limit values and said timer begins counting the pulses of
the clock in synchronization with that said controller begins the reset process, thereby
detecting an abnormal operation occurring in the computer during execution of the reset
process, said timer has a plurality of operational modes, said controller outputs a mode of
specification signal for specifying an operation mode of said timer, and wherein said
timer sets an operational mode thereof, in accordance with the mode specification signal,
and said timer includes a circuit, which sets the mode specification signal sent from said
controller ineffective in response to setting of the operational mode of said timer.

5. (Currently Amended) The computer according to claim 3, wherein A computer comprising:

a controller which executes a reset process, in response to a reset signal; an oscillator oscillates a clock; and

a timer which counts pulses of the clock, and outputs the reset signal to said controller, in a case where a counted value obtained by counting the pulses of the clock exceeds a predetermined limit value,

wherein said controller controls said timer, and clears the countered value before the counted value exceeds the limit values and said timer begins counting the pulses of the clock in synchronization with that said controller begins the reset process, thereby detecting an abnormal operation occurring in the computer during execution of the reset process, said timer has a plurality of operational modes, said controller outputs a mode of specification signal for specifying an operation mode of said timer, and wherein said timer further includes a restriction circuit which restricts an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said controller can be accepted.

- 6. (Original) The computer according to claim 4, wherein said timer further includes a restriction circuit which restricts an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said controller can be accepted.
 - 7-9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Currently Amended) The watchdog timer according to claim 9 A watchdog timer comprising:

a counter which counts pulses of a clock generated by an oscillator, and clears a counted value of the pulses, in response to a clear signal for designating to clear the counted value and being supplied from an external circuit;

an output circuit which outputs a reset signal for designating to execute a reset process to said external circuit, in a case where the counted value exceeds a predetermined limit value;

a mode setting circuit which sets an operational mode of said watchdog timer, in accordance with a mode specification signal which specifies the operational mode and is provided from said external circuit; and

a circuit which sets the mode specification signal sent from said external

wherein said counter clears the counted value and begins counting the pulse
of the clock in response to the reset signal output from said output circuit, thereby
detecting an abnormal operation occurring in said external circuit during execution of the
reset process, and said watchdog timer has a plurality of operational modes.

11. (Currently Amended) The watchdog timer according to claim 9, further including A watchdog timer comprising:

a counter which counts pulses of a clock generated by an oscillator, and clears a counted value of the pulses, in response to a clear signal for designating to clear the counted value and being supplied from an external circuit;

an output circuit which outputs a reset signal for designating to execute a reset process to said external circuit, in a case where the counted value exceeds a predetermined limit value;

a mode setting circuit which sets an operational mode of said watchdog timer, in accordance with a mode specification signal which specifies the operational mode and is provided from said external circuit; and

a restriction circuit which restricts an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said external circuit can be accepted[[.]], wherein said counter clears the counted value and begins counting the pulse of the clock in response to the reset signal output from said output circuit, thereby detecting an abnormal operation occurring in said external circuit during execution of the reset process, and said watchdog timer has a plurality of operational modes.

12. (Original) The watchdog timer according to claim 10, further including

a restriction circuit which restricts an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said external circuit can be accepted.

13-15 (Cancelled)

16 (Currently Amended)) The detection method according to claim 15, further including An abnormal operation detection method comprising:

counting pulses of a clock generated by an oscillator;

clearing a counted value of the pulses, in response to a clear signal which is provided from an external circuit and designates to clear the counted value;

controlling said external circuit to execute a reset process, in a case where the counted value exceeds a predetermined limit value;

setting the mode specification signal which is provided from said external circuit ineffective, in response to setting of the mode,[[.]]

wherein said counting includes detecting an abnormal operation occurring in said

external circuit during execution of the reset process, by counting the pulses of the clock in synchronization with that said external circuit begins the reset process and wherein said detection method includes a plurality of modes.

17. (Currently Amended) The detection method according to claim 15, further including An abnormal operation detection method comprising:

counting pulses of a clock generated by an oscillator;

clearing a counted value of the pulses, in response to a clear signal which is provided from an external circuit and designates to clear the counted value;

controlling said external circuit to execute a reset process, in a case where the counted value exceeds a predetermined limit value;

restricting an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said external circuit can be accepted,

wherein said counting includes detecting an abnormal operation occurring in said
external circuit during execution of the reset process, by counting the pulses of the clock
in synchronization with that said external circuit begins the reset process and wherein
said detection method includes a plurality of modes.

18. (Original) The detection method according to claim 16, further including restricting an allowable period of time the mode specification signal provided from said external circuit can be accepted.